

POLISH CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL

FOR MULTIELEMENT TRACE ANALYSIS

FINE FLY ASH (CTA - FFA - 1)

GENERAL INFORMATION

INTENDED USE:

CHECKING THE ACCURACY OF ANALYTICAL WORK OF THE LABORATORIES ENGAGED IN THE DETERMINATION OF TRACE ELEMENTS IN MINERAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES. CALIBRATION OF APPARATUS AND METHODS.

ELEMENTS FOR WHICH CERTIFIED CONCENTRATIONS COULD BE ESTABLISHED:

Al, As, Ba, Ce, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, F, Fe, Gd, Hf, La, Li, Lu, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, P, Pb, Rb, Sb, Sc, Si, Sm, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn.

ELEMENTS FOR WHICH NON-CERTIFIED "INFORMATION" VALUES ARE AVAILABLE:

Be, Ca, Cd, Ga, In, K, Mg, Mo, Se, Ti.

Produced and certified by:

Distributed by:

Phone: 112737

COMMISSION OF TRACE ANALYSIS OF THE COMMITTEE FOR ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY OF THE POLISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Department of Analytical Chemistry, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology 03-195 Warszawa, Poland

and
INSTITUTE OF NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY
AND TECHNOLOGY, UL. DORODNA 16,

03-195 WARSZAWA, POLAND

Telex: 813027 ichti pl

ORIGIN, PREPARATION AND TESTING

Fine fly ash (ca. 60 kg) originating from the 3rd zone of electrofilters at Kozienice power station (Poland), was supplied by Mrs. M. Malusecka (Department of Power Stations' Waste Utilization, Katowice). Over 93% of the material passed trough the 0.06 mm sive. The material was homogenized by mixing for 16 hrs. in a plastic drum rotated in three directions. Preliminary homogeneity testing was performed determining Fe and Y contents by X-ray fluorescence in several subsamples of the material taken from the drum.

Distribution of 50g portions into wide-mouthed, air-tight polyethylene bottles was achieved with the aid of a specially constructed teflon scoop. Final homogeneity testing was performed by instrumental neutron activation analysis, analyzing several subsamples taken from 6 individual bottles chosen at random and comparing the results for 6 subsamples taken from one bottle. Statistical comparison of results for Co, Cr, Fe, La, Sc, and Th obtained in the two series of measurements confirmed good homogeneity of the material, at least for sample weight of m≥100 mg.

CERTIFICATION

Assigning of "recommended" (certified) values was done on the basis of world-wide intercomparison in which 63 laboratories participated. The laboratories contributed 4282 bits of chemical information (1041 laboratory means) on 65 elements. Their cooperation is gratefully acknowledged.

Statistical evaluation of results for individual elements was performed by the method published previously¹⁾. The outlying results from the population of laboratory averages were rejected by concurrent use of the four criteria i.e. those of Dixon, Grubbs, coefficient of skewness, and coefficient of kurtosis at significance level of 0.05, followed by calculation of overall mean, confidence limits etc.

The criteria used to decide whether the overall mean can be given the status of "recommended" (certified) value were as follows:

1. Relative uncertainty of the overall mean:

$$\frac{\text{S.D.} \cdot t_{0.05}}{\sqrt{\text{N} \cdot \overline{\text{X}}}} \leq 20\% \text{ (trace elements)}$$

$$\leq 10\% \text{ (major elements)}$$

or relative standard deviation

$$\frac{\text{S.D.}}{\overline{X}}$$
 \leq 25% (trace elements) \leq 15% (major elements)

For the purpose of this work elements with concentration exceeding 0.5% (5000 ppm) were considered to be major elements.

- 2. The overall mean was calculated from at least 3 laboratory averages obtained by more than one analytical technique. If results from only one analytical technique are available the number of laboratory averages cannot be smaller than 5.
- 3. If the conditions (1) and (2) are fulfilled but the number of outliers exceeds 50%, the additional procedure is activated which checks the changes of the mean and standard deviation respectively accompanying successive rejections. The process of rejecting of outliers is then stopped when the change in both the mean and standard deviation becomes lower or equal to 15%, and the condition (1) is rechecked.

"Information" values were assigned to those elements for which the results while not fulfilling conditions (1)-(3) still fulfilled the following condition:

$$\frac{\text{S.D.} \cdot t_{0.05}}{\sqrt{\text{N} \cdot \overline{\text{X}}}} \qquad \qquad \leq 50\% \text{ (trace elements)}$$

$$\leq 30\% \text{ (major elements)}$$

"RECOMMENDED" VALUES FOR CTA-FFA-1

MAJOR ELEMENTS

TRACE ELEMENTS

MAJOR ELEMENTS		TRACE ELEMENTS			
Element	Concentration [wt%]	Element	Concentration [mg/kg (ppm)]	Element	Concentration [mg/kg (ppm)]
Al	14.87 ± 0.39	As	53.6 ± 2.7	Ni	99.0 ± 5.8
Fe	4.89 ± 0.14	Ba	835 ± 56	P	725 ± 74
Na	2.19 ± 0.08	Ce	120 ± 7	Pb	369 ± 46
Si	22.48 ± 0.92	Co	39.8 ± 1.7	Rb	185 ± 5
		Cr	156 ± 8	Sb	17.6 ± 2.5
		Cs	48.2 ± 2.6	Sc	24.2 ± 1.1
		Cu	158 ± 9	Sm	10.9 ± 0.6
		Dy	9.09 ± 1.45	Sr	250 ± 13
		Er	4.52 ± 1.12	Та	2.11 ± 0.16
		Eu	2.39 ± 0.06	Tb	1.38 ± 0.14
		F	198 ± 39	Th	29.4 ± 0.7
		Gd	10.0 ± 2.6	Tm	0.705 ± 0.200
		Hf	6.09 ± 0.45	U	15.1 ± 0.8
		La	60.7 ± 4.0	V	260 ± 10
		Li	128 ± 22	W	10.5 ± 1.1
		Lu	0.658 ± 0.043	Y	45.0 ± 13.5
		Mn	1066 ± 41	Yb	4.24 ± 0.19
		Nd	56.8 ± 3.7	Zn	569 ± 58

"INFORMATION" VALUES FOR CTA-FFA-1

MAJOR ELEMENTS

TRACE ELEMENTS

Element	Concentration [wt%]	Element	Concentration [mg/kg (ppm)]
Ca	2.29	Be	27
K	2.20	Cd	2.8
Mg	1.55	Ga	49
Ti	0.58	In	0.34
		Мо	17
	I	Se	4.6

The preparation and certification of the CTA – FFA – 1 certified reference material was performed by the staff of the Department of Analytical Chemistry, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, under the direction of Prof. dr hab. R. Dybczyński.

Warsaw Nov. 1990

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS OF THE INTERCOMPARISON CTA-FFA-1 (in alphabetical order)

- Mrs. E. Arabas, Instytut Szkla i Ceramiki, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. D.J. Bland, British Geological Survey, Nottingham, UNITED KINGDOM
- Dr. R. Bojanowski, Instytut Oceanologii PAN, Sopot, and Mr. A. Pietruszewski, CLOR, Warszawa, POLAND
- Mr. E. Bolibrzuch, Instytut Uprawy, Nawożenia i Gleboznawstwa, Puławy, POLAND
- Prof. dr. M. de Bruin, Interuniversity Reactor Institute, Delft, THE NETHERLANDS
- Mrs. T. Capalla, Mrs. I. Sheybal, Instytut Metalurgii Żelaza, Gliwice, POLAND
- Mr. W. Czajowski, Mrs. H. Szajber, KGHM LUBIN, Lubin, POLAND
- Dr. M. Dermelj, "Jozef Stefan" Institute Ljubliana, YUGOSLAVIA
- Mr. W. Domek, dr. J. Golimowski, Instytut Ochrony Środowiska, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. P. Dulski, Hahn-Meitner Institute, WEST BERLIN
- Dr. M. Geisler, Dr. H. Schelhorn, Central Institute of Isotopes and Radiation Research, Leipzig, GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
- Dr. A. Ghods, Mr. J.C. Veselsky, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, AUSTRIA
- Dr. C. Gunchew, Mrs. R. Georgiewa, Mr. W. Iwanow, Institute for Plant Protection, Kostinbrod near Sofia, BULGARIA
- Prof. J. Hertogen, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Leuven, BELGIUM
- Mr. Z. Jońca, Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa, POLAND
- Doc. dr. K. Kasiura, Politechnika Warszawska, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. L. Kinowa, dr. I. Penew Institute of Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, BULGARIA
- Mrs. H. Kłosowska, ENERGOPOMIAR, Gliwice, POLAND
- Dr. V. Kocman, Mrs. L.M. Foley, Domtar Inc. Research Centre, Quebec, CANADA
- Dr. G. M. Kolesov, V. I. Vernadsky Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry, Moscow, USSR
- Mrs. K. Korolewicz, ENERGOPOMIAR, Gliwice, POLAND

¹⁾ R. Dybczyński, Analytica Chimica Acta, 117, 53-70 (1980)

- Mr. H. Kruk, Ośrodek Badań i Kontroli Środowiska, Leszno, POLAND
- Dr. J. Kucera, Nuclear Research Institute, Rez near Prague, CZECHOSLOVAKIA
- Mr. B. Kucharzewski, Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. H. Kunzendorf, RISO National laboratory, Roskilde, DENMARK
- Dr. A. Lechotycki, Mr. J. Dudek, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. M. Lipponen, Technical Research Centre, of Finland Reactor Laboratory, Espoo, FINLAND
- Dr. W. Maenhaut, Institute for Nuclear Sciences, Ghent, BELGIUM
- Mr. M. Makarewicz, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, AUSTRIA
- Mrs. M. Malusecka, "ENERGOPOMIAR", Katowice, POLAND
- Doc. dr. H. Matusiewicz, Politechnika Poznańska, Poznań, POLAND
- Dr. M. Michalewska, Politechnika Wrocławska, Wrocław, POLAND
- Dr. C. S. Munita, dr. R. P. Paiva, dr. I. Cunha, Radiochemistry Division IPEN CNEN/SP, Sao Paulo, BRASIL
- Dr. K. Niebergall, dr. R. Wennrich, Karl-Marx Universitat, Leipzig, GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
- Dr. I. Obrusnik, Nuclear Rersearch Institute, Rez near Prague, CZECHOSLOVAKIA
- Prof. dr. N.N. Papadopoulos, Dr. S. Synetos. Institute of Nuclear Technology, Paraskevi, and dr. D. Tarenidis, Institute of Geological and Mineral Exploration, Athens, GREECE
- Dr. J. Pempkowiak, Instytut Oceanologii PAN, Sopot, POLAND
- Dr. J. C. Philippot, Laboratoire de Metrologie de l'Environment, Orsay, FRANCE
- Dr. P.J. Potts, dr. N. W. Rogers, Open University, Milton Keynes, UNITED KINGDOM
- Mr. T.D. Rice, Mineral Resources Development Laboratory, Lidcombe, AUSTRALIA
- Mr. E. J. Ring, MINTEK Analytical Services, Randburg, SOUTH AFRICA
- Dr. I. Roelandts, Geology, University of Liege, BELGIUM
- Dr. G. Rossi, Joint Research Centre, Ispra, ITALY
- Dr. D. Ruckdeschel, Bayer Landesamt für Umweltschutz, Muenchen, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY
- Dr. S. Sadasivan, Pollution Monitoring Section BARC, Bombay, INDIA
- Dr. L. Savoyant, Dr. S. Pourtales, Centre Geologique et Geophysique, Montpellier, FRANCE
- Mr. A. Skalny, Ośrodek Badań i Kontroli Środowiska, Tarnów, POLAND
- Dr. B. Skwarzec, Instytut Oceanologii PAN, Sopot, POLAND
- Mrs. E. Sterlińska, Mrs. T. Kuras, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, Warszawa, POLAND
- Dr. W. Szacki, Hahn-Meitner Institute WEST BERLIN
- Mr. Z. Szałowski, Ośrodek Badań i Kontroli Środowiska, Legnica, POLAND
- Mr. Z. Szopa, Dr. H. Polkowska-Motrenko, prof. dr. R. Dybczyński, Miss M. Mandecka,
- Mr. K. Kulisa, Mr. Z. Samczyński, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, Warsaw, POLAND
- Doc. dr. S. Szymczyk, Dr. E. Dutkiewicz, Instytut Fizyki Jądrowej, Kraków, POLAND
- Mrs. H. Szyszko, Mrs. O. Grabowska, Mrs. E. Szybisz, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, Warszawa, POLAND
- Doc. dr. U. Tomza, Uniwersytet Śląski, Katowice, POLAND
- Dr. M. Vobecky, Ustav Nuklearni Biologie a Radiochemie, Prague, CZECHOSLOVAKIA
- Mrs. J. Wanat, Politechnika Wrocławska Zakład Doświadczalny "Hydro-Mech" Kowary, POLAND
- Mr. L. Wawrzonek, Mrs. B. Małożewska-Bućko, Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology, Warszawa, POLAND
- Prof. Chen Yuanpan, Research Institute of Geology for Mineral Resources, Shanlidian, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
- Mrs. L. Ząbczyńska, Mrs. K. Grzeszczuk, Zakłady Azotowe w Tarnowie, Tarnów, POLAND
- Mrs. E. Zeiller, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, AUSTRIA